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The Banner.

Official Paper of the County.

J. HARPER, Editor and Proprietor.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, 1877.

The New York Sun says with truth that "no man can serve in the Cabinet of a President without becoming a partner of the fraud."

Major Bickham, of the Dayton Journal, is busy at work arranging the Cabinet of Returning Board Hayes. This makes General Conly jealous.

The Maine Legislature adjourned after a session of thirty-eight days. That is an example the Ohio Legislature might follow to the great satisfaction of the people.

We have had eight years of Grantism; and now the country is afflicted with four years of Returning Boardism.—This is literally "jumping from the frying pan into the fire."

Nobody has attempted to assassinate Packard during the past week, and he feels badly about it, as this diminishes his prospects of being recognized as "Governor" of Louisiana.

Dan Voorhees, the "Tall Sycamore of the Whabash," states the case clearly and strongly when he says: "The Republican party, having stolen everything else, now steal the Presidency."

The Bryan Argus favors the nomination of Hon. Frank H. Hurd as the Democratic candidate for Governor. Mr. Hurd possesses talents to fill that or any other office in the gift of the people.

Senator Sherman was in Columbus on Friday last, in private consultation with Governor Hayes. The inference is that he wishes to become conscience-keeper and general manager of his Fraudulency.

Abe Rothschild, of Cincinnati, who killed his mistress in Texas, is improving rapidly, and will soon be removed to Texas, under a requisition from the Governor of that State, to stand his trial for murder.

If a Louisiana negro hired a mule of a white man to ride to the polls on, and the mule ran away and killed the negro the negro's brother could make affidavit of intimidation, and have the vote of the parish thrown out.

Judge Hooley, of Cincinnati, delivered a powerful speech before the Commission on the Oregon vote; but so far as influencing the eight partisans was concerned it had no more effect than pouring water on a duck's back.

Judge M. F. Force, of Cincinnati, is spoken of as a Republican candidate for Governor. Personally he may be a very good man, but we believe with the *Enquirer*, that "the Republicans have elected their last Governor in Ohio."

The Cincinnati Gazette is anxious that Donn Platt should be killed. This is not the work of the good Deacon Richard Smith, but of his wicked partners, as the Deacon would much rather pray for the sinful Platt than murder him.

A committee of the Indiana Legislature visited Columbus on Saturday for the purpose of inspecting the Imbecile School of Ohio. They were escorted through the city by a joint committee of the two houses of the Ohio Legislature.

The old scallawag, Wells, is happy now, and he has good reason to be, after all his villainies, frauds and forgeries, in stealing and selling the electoral vote of Louisiana, have been endorsed by the Supreme Court of the United States.

The hotels in Columbus are doing a "land-office business." They are crowded from cellar to attic. Legions of office-hunters are gathering at our State Capital to present their "claims" to its Fraudulency, Rutherford Bradley Hayes.

Some Democrats, who were "down on" our Congressman Mr. Poppleton for voting against the Electoral Commission, now say that he did exactly right, and they wish that every other Democratic Congressman from Ohio had voted with him.

Judge Hooley has returned from Washington to his home in Cincinnati, greatly disgusted with the proceedings of the political judges, who violated their oaths and outraged law and decency by counting in a defeated candidate for President.

The moneyed men of Cincinnati telegraphed to Messrs. Saylor and Bannin the other day, urging them to hurry up the electoral count. The moneyed men have no more right to dictate to Congress in this matter than the humblest citizen in the land.

At the Presidential election in Philadelphia, last November, Hayes had a majority of 14,965. At the municipal election on Monday week, the vote stood: Republican, 64,484; Democratic, 62,123.—Republican majority, 2,365, or a falling off of 12,601!

It is reported that a Cincinnati publishing firm have a committee of lawyer lobbyists in Columbus, seeking some legislation whereby they may enjoy a monopoly in the school book business. We trust our legislators will turn a deaf ear to all such influences.

The New York Sun looks on the plundered and oppressed people of Louisiana, and declares that their "patience is exhausted," and that "they will kill the rod that has smitten." They will rather look for relief under a military Government. Who wouldn't?

Our own John Sherman has telegraphed his special friend Eliza Pinkston as follows: "My dear Eliza: This volume has saved the Republican party. We've got 'em finally. Come to Washington soon as possible. A good position awaiting you."

The Ohio Democratic Congressmen have been true to their manhood and to their constituents in all their actions relative to the attempt to force a defeated candidate for President upon the country.—The people will say unto them: "Well done, good and faithful servants!"

The Radicals seek determined to force through the State to make Returning Board Hayes President, by applying the "gag," and we are sorry to think that there are some Democrats in Congress so deficient in true courage and manhood as to consent to such a daring outrage.

After the reprehensible course pursued by some of the Democratic Congressmen from the South, in working in the interest of the conspirators to have fraudulent Hayes counted in, it would be a just punishment upon them if Hayes would do what Grant has thus far refused to do—recognize the Radical Governments in South Carolina and Louisiana. From the fact that Morton and Sherman are Hayes' principal advisers, and both are known to be in favor of recognizing Packard, the bogus Governor of Louisiana, it is easy to conjecture what course Hayes will take should he be declared President.

The Investigating Committees having mutually agreed that no further examination of the financial operations of the two parties during the late Presidential campaign should be made, Governor Tilden has addressed a letter to Senator Kernan, which does credit to his head and heart, in which he says: "I repudiate any such agreement, and disclaim any such imputation, protection or benefit from it.—I reject utterly the false imputation that my private bank account contains any thing whatever that needs to be concealed."

There is a bitter fight among the Radical leaders in Pennsylvania. The Cameron faction, who have heretofore had all control of the party organization, are determined that Don Cameron, the present Secretary of War, shall be continued in the Cabinet, while, on the other hand, the friends of Governor Hancock are equally determined that the Camerons shall be ignored, and Hartman given a place in the Cabinet. Unsurprisingly Hayes will not sleep on a bed of roses if he is smuggled into the White House.

The Election of a Democratic Mayor in Pittsburgh, which gave a majority three thousand to Hayes last November, is a healthy sign of the times. That City has been ruled for years by a gang of corrupt politicians, who have plundered the people, piled up taxes mountain high, and increased the City debt to a fearful amount. The Democrats may not be able to correct all these evils, immediately, by a change of rulers; but they can say that the plunder schemes must have an end.

Senator Conkling, of New York, is getting in bad odor with the conspirators in his own party. He holds to the opinion that the Commission was to take evidence; and by refusing to do so committed a mistake that was akin to a crime. For entertaining this opinion he is in danger of being read out of the party by such men as Morton and Sherman; but he possesses brains and independence, and is able to take care of himself against those who seek to crush him.

The Cincinnati Enquirer says:—When Governor Hayes takes off his hat to be sworn into office on the 5th of March, he should allow his eye to rest on the following beautiful sentiment which we have reason to know has been carefully pasted in the inside of the Presidential chair:—"No man worthy of the office of President should be willing to hold it if confronted in or placed there by fraud."

U. S. GRANT.

Whatever may be the result of the labors of the unconstitutional partisan Commission, it is the duty of the Democratic House of Representatives to pass, and put upon record a resolution declaring that Samuel J. Tilden was duly and legally elected President of these United States, and that the office was stolen from him by fraudulent Returning Boards and a dishonest and disgraced Supreme Court.

The Democratic leaders at Washington were not equal to the emergency.—They were outgunned and outwitted by the Radicals; and instead of presenting a solid front, and standing up like men and patriots for the right, they became divided and demoralized, while the conspirators struck together like a band of thieves, and carried all their plans through successfully.

The great Dry Goods firm of John Shillito & Co., Cincinnati, have purchased property to the value of \$181,000 on Race, George and Seventh streets, where they contemplate erecting an immense "Up-Town" retail dry goods store, after the style of Stewart's in New York. The store will have a front of 275 feet on George street, and 175 feet on Race street.

When Stanley Matthews was arguing before the Commission he appealed especially to Bradley and Frelinghuysen by hoping that the Judge would be animated by the Holy Spirit. If he had been a Democrat he would have asked them out to take a drink.—*Cincinnati Journal*.

That just what "Governor" Tom Young would have done had he been in Stanley Matthews' place.

The Akron Argus thinks that Bobby Burns must have known something about Electoral Commissions and Zach Chandler's conspiracies when he wrote the following:—"Oh, Pope, had I thy satiric darts, I'd give the rascals their deserts. I'd rip their rotten, hollow hearts, and tell aloud Their juggling, leech-peddles arts To cheat the crowd."

General M. D. Leggett, who claims to be the owner of the double-solved plow patent, threatens to sue all persons using such cultivators. This looks very much like a blackmailing operation. It can be proven by the testimony of William Allen that double-solved plows were in use fifty years before Leggett was born.

John McArthur, Postmaster at Chicago, is announced not only as a bankrupt, but a defaulter, being indebted to the Government \$56,000. Frank W. Palmer has been appointed Postmaster in his place. Mr. P. was formerly a Congressman from the Des Moines, Iowa, district, and is at present one of the proprietors of the *Inter-Ocean* newspaper.

The procured right could not go back of the "broad seal" of the "Governors" of Florida and Louisiana to examine the admitted frauds committed by the daring scoundrels in those States; but the "broad seal" of the Governor of Oregon was of no more account in their estimation than a piece of blank paper.

The people of Louisiana—we mean of course the white tax payers of the State—declare that under no circumstances will they pay tribute to any other State Government than that at whose head stands the man of their choice, their endeared and truly elected Governor, Francis T. Nicholls.

We learn from Columbus that Mrs. Hayes is getting her "great box," title box, band-box and bundle ready for Washington. But she should remember the old axiom: "There's many a slip, 'Twixt the cup and the lip."

Two Important Bills Introduced in Congress Relative to the Presidency. Hon. David Dudley Field, of New York, has introduced two bills in Congress to remedy the defects in the Constitution relative to the election of President and Vice President. One bill is amendatory of section 147 of the Revised Statutes, providing for a new election in November, in case the two Houses should not complete the count by the 4th of March. It declares that the President of the Senate shall act as President during the interim. The other bill is in the nature of a *quo warrant*, giving the defeated candidate a right to institute proceedings in the United States Circuit Court, when an investigation of all the facts in relation to the election would take place. The Court would be authorized to consider everything which went to the determination of the question, as to who had been rightfully and legally elected. In such a suit the jurisdiction and action of the Returning Board, commissioners and judges of the election, and even the frauds at the polls, could be investigated. The court would have the same jurisdiction that the two Houses of Congress have and exercise in determining the election returns and qualifications of their own members. It is confidently believed by Democrats that such a suit would result in the declaration of the election of Mr. Tilden even by the present Supreme Court, the facts being so clear that even Miller, Strong and Bradley would not dare to disregard them.

The bill was passed by the House on Tuesday evening—yeas 138, nays 89, a party vote, except that one Republican (Purman) of Florida, voted for it, and the following named thirteen Democrats against it: Buckner, Goodin, Hancock, Knott, Neal, Potter, Savage, Stevenson, Tarbox, Thomas, Warren, Whitehouse and Williams of Delaware.

A Newspaper Article Raised Babel. The Columbus Journal of Thursday last contained a two column editorial article urging that the Packard Government of Louisiana should be at once recognized.—In view of the fact that the *Journal* has been considered a sort of "home organ" of Governor Hayes, the article in question created intense excitement when it was read in Washington, inasmuch as the agents of Governor Hayes have been "dickering" with Southern Democratic Congressmen, assuring them that Hayes will pursue a conciliatory course towards them, and will certainly recognize the Hampton Government in South Carolina and the Nicholls Government in Louisiana. The *Journal* article made these Southern Congressmen think that they had been deceived, and for a while the devil was to pay. Dispatches were sent to Columbus to know what the thing meant, when word was sent back that General Conly was bed sick, unable to edit his paper, and that the offensive article was the production of an outsider, and was admitted by General Conly's "wicked partner," Andy Francisco, without his knowledge or consent; and furthermore, that Governor Hayes did not inspire it or even read it until his attention was called to it. The fact of the business will probably turn out to be this: that the article spoke the real sentiments of Governor Hayes, but it was prematurely published; and that Hayes, after becoming President, will recognize the bogus Radical Governments in South Carolina and Louisiana, but just now holds out an opposite impression to Southern Congressmen to induce them to ratify the dishonest acts of the infamous Electoral Commission.

Ohio to the Front.

Now, as it seems highly probable that Returning Board Hayes will be made President by fraud, all Ohio's great grudge (of Republican bore) are after positions in the Cabinet. The Cincinnati *Commercial* is of the opinion that Ohio could supply the whole Cabinet with perfect ease and facility, and then arrange the following names to see how they will look on paper: Secretary of State, J. D. Cox. Secretary of the Treasury, JOHN SHERMAN. Secretary of the Interior, ARNOLD F. PERMY. Secretary of War, EDWARD F. NORTON. Secretary of the Navy, RICHARD SMITH. Postmaster General, STANLEY MATTHEWS. Attorney General, ALFREDUS TAIT. This is unfair in the *Commercial*. It is claiming for Cincinnati about everything worth having. Why shall Mr. Vernon be overlooked, that furnished a Cabinet office to Grant, in the person of the great and good Delano? If Mr. Delano's modesty will prevent him from seeking a place in the Hayes Cabinet, perhaps the distinguished Robert C. Kirk might be prevailed upon to present his "claims" for Secretary of the Interior? Delano or Kirk—we don't care which; but we insist upon Mr. Vernon not being overlooked.

Prohibition State Convention.

The prohibitionists of Ohio met in Convention at Columbus on Thursday of last week, and nominated the following ticket: Governor, H. A. Thompson, of Franklin County; Lieutenant Governor, George K. Jenkins, Jefferson; Treasurer of State, John Alderman, Morgan; Attorney General, D. W. Gage, Cuyahoga; Supreme Judge, D. D. Montgomery, Knox; Clerk of Supreme Court, George Dodd, Green; member Board of Public Works, Amos Miller, Logan. Mr. Thompson, the old delegate for Governor, is President of Otterbein University, at Westerville, and ran as the Prohibition candidate for Congress in the Franklin District last year. He promised, if elected to administer the affairs of the State in accordance with the Constitution and the laws of God.

Grant's Last Sunday Talk.

Grant didn't talk as much last Sunday as usual, but he talked sense, as far as he is reported. Here it is: Neither of the State Governments in Louisiana and South Carolina will be recognized by President Grant, as he thinks it would be improper for him to fix a southern policy for his successor, and thus embarrass him. If he were to recognize the Republican Governments they would have to be sustained by military force, and he thinks the entire people are tired of the military being employed to sustain a State government. He says: "If a Republican State government cannot sustain itself, then it will have to give way. If a remedy is required, let Congress and not the President provide it."

P. B. S. Finchback, (colored), the would-be Senator from Louisiana, who is now in Washington, declares that everything in Louisiana is perfectly quiet, and says that the Nicholls government is fully able to maintain itself all alone, and is accepted by a large majority of the people.

New York Sun points says: But for the fatal blunder of the Democratic representatives in Congress in agreeing to the unconstitutional National Returning Board, we should not have had a Fraudulent President.

THE 8 TO 7 GAMBLING HOUSE. Progress of the Great Fraud.

When last week's BANNER went to press the "High Joint" was engaged in considering the Electoral vote of Oregon. The Democratic members of the Commission, not believing that the title of Cronin as an Elector was of an indisputable character, made no contest in his behalf; but knowing that Watts, one of the Republican Electors, was clearly ineligible, being a Government officer-holder, at the time he was "appointed," they made a vigorous contest to have his spurious vote for Hayes rejected; but the unyielding Eight, unmindful of their solemn oath, and true to their party instincts, voted that Hayes was entitled to the entire Electoral vote of Oregon. After their decision in the case of Florida, and Louisiana, this action was to have been expected; and when men set out with the deliberate intention to do mean things, they will not stop until their work is completed.

When the decision of the Commission became known on Friday evening, the excitement among the Democrats was intense. A large body of them, but not a majority, seemed determined to resort to every Constitutional parliamentary strategy to defeat the conspirators who wished to steal the Presidency by sheer party villainy. But it was found that most of the Southern members, relying upon pledges made by the confidential friends of Hayes, that immediately upon his inauguration he would recognize the Democratic Governments in South Carolina and Louisiana, refused to agree to any "filibustering" or dilatory proceedings, voting with the Republicans whenever any question of that character was raised.

When Saturday came there were still nine States to count, viz: Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin, and with contests in six of them. As it usually took from one to two days to consider and debate a contested State, it became apparent to the conspirators that the prospect of forcing Hayes in before Saturday, March 3d, was extremely doubtful. And hence they became furious, threatening vengeance against the Democrats; and even declared that if there was any more delay, they would get Grant to resign forthwith, and elect Morton. The "Devil upon two sticks," President of the Senate, whereby he would become President until another election could be held. And the cowardly Democrats, frightened at the Morton spook, seemed willing to do anything that would be pleasing in the sight of the conspirators. Speaker Randall, who is a very polite and amiable gentleman, related that all motions of a dilatory character, were out of order, and so "the dance went on."

[We wish to state, right here, that when we speak of the cowardly Democratic Congressmen, we do not wish to be understood as including the Congressmen from Ohio, who have stood up like heroes in opposition to the most daring fraud and infamy that was ever attempted by bold, bad men, since the dawn of civilization.]

On Sunday, in anticipation of their conspiracy being unsuccessful, the Radical Congressmen were concocting all sorts of schemes to keep their corrupt party in power. The one most talked of was to get Senator Sherman to resign, then have the Ohio Legislature elect Governor Hayes to fill his unexpired term, and then elect Hayes President of the Senate, and thus, in the event of no President being chosen before the 4th of March, to declare Hayes President of the United States until a new election could be held.

On Monday, Senator Thurman, on account of severe indisposition, resigned his position on the Electoral Tribunal, and Senator Kernan, of New York, was unanimously chosen to fill the place.

The Joint Session of the Senate and House then proceeded with the Electoral count. Pennsylvania was called, when objections were made to Bogs, appointed an elector in place of Daniel J. Morrill, a Centennial Commissioner, on the ground that under the Constitution and laws of Pennsylvania he was not eligible; and although the House, by a vote of 135 to 119, declared that the vote of Bogs should not be counted, yet the Joint Session reported the vote of Pennsylvania for Hayes and Wheeler. Rhode Island was then taken up, when objections were filed against counting the vote of Wm. S. Slater, appointed in place of George H. Corlies.—The vote of Slater, however, was counted, and the Electoral vote of Rhode Island was announced for Hayes and Wheeler.—Then came South Carolina, when two sets of electors were announced, and the case was referred to the Electoral Commission.

Hon. Frank H. Hurd, of Ohio, and Congressman Cochran of Pittsburgh, appeared on behalf of the Democrats, assisted by Judge Black and Judge Montgomery Blair. Mr. Lawrence and others appeared on behalf of the conspirators. Mr. Hurd delivered a very able argument. He held that as the Constitution of South Carolina required a registration of electors and that requirement was utterly ignored, the election was void. He next went to the objection that the presence of United States troops in a State overawed the people and prevented a free expression of the will of the people. He read the proclamation of the President of October 17, 1876, declaring that insurrection existed in the State, and contended that the clause of the Constitution authorizing interference of the Federal Government contemplated an insurrection or resistance to State authority, and not disturbances between individual members of the State. Rifle clubs riding up and down and murdering some peaceable citizens, as stated in the President's proclamation, he argued, did not amount to such insurrection against the United States or State authorities as warranted an intervention in the affairs of a State. The presence of troops was not to keep the peace, but to influence the election. At the conclusion of the speeches Mr. Morton offered a resolution declaring that the vote of South Carolina should be counted for Hayes and Wheeler, which was adopted by the usual party vote—8 to 7. The House then resolved by a majority of one to take a recess.

On Wednesday, the Senators met in the Hall of the House, for the purpose of reporting the decision of the Commission as to Louisiana. A protest against the same was read, signed by several Senators and Representatives, on the ground, 1st, that there was no legal election in South Carolina; 2d, that the Army, stationed in that State, intimidated voters from discharging their duty; 3d, that one thousand U. S. Marshals, stationed at the polls, prevented the free right of suffrage; 4th, that certificates were not lawfully made out, and were void, etc. An exciting and angry discussion followed.

The Philadelphia Times has the following in regard to the blood and thunder article in the Columbus *Journal*, which that paper is trying to explain is not the inspiration of Hayes: "If Governor Hayes is responsible, directly or indirectly, for the inflammatory demand made yesterday by the *Ohio State Journal*, his immediate organ, for the recognition of Packard as Governor of Louisiana, it comes to him by and through undignified fraud."

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The New Orleans *American*, of Saturday, says: "We are ready to accept Governor Hayes as president, because we have been driven into a state of comparative indifference in respect to national matters, but we will not tolerate such a ghastly fraud as the so-called Packard government, no matter what power may seek to install it. We have a government which satisfies us, and we intend to uphold it."

Returning Board Hayes having respected the Government to take the oath of Presidency, Tom Young steps into his boots. Tom Young for Governor! Good Lord, deliver us!

also allowed, and all sorts of dilatory motions made. The vote of South Carolina was finally announced for Hayes and Wheeler, Tennessee and Texas were then counted for Tilden and Hendricks. Vermont was called, when Mr. Poppleton presented objections to the vote of Henry N. Solace, one of the Hayes electors, on the ground that he was a Postmaster, when the Senators retired for consultation. And thus ended the chapter when our paper went to press.

Wade Hampton's Proclamation.

The following is Wade Hampton's proclamation, after the reception of Grant's despatch order prohibiting the parade of the South Carolina militia on Washington's birthday:—

PROCLAMATION.

BEFORE ME, the undersigned, JAMES H. COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 20, 1877. His Excellency, the President of the United States, having ordered that the white militia companies of this State should be disbanded, and to celebrate Washington's birthday, in deference to the office he holds, I hereby call upon these organizations to postpone to some future day this manifestation of respect to the memory of the illustrious President whose highest ambition it was, as it was his chief glory, to observe the constitution and to obey the laws of his country. If any military command of a chief executive who has not sought to emulate the virtues of Washington, deprive the citizens of this State of the privilege of joining publicly in paying reverence to that day so sacred to every American patriot, we cannot at least, by our obedience to the constituted authority, however arbitrarily exercised, show that we are not unworthy to be the countrymen of Washington. It is my duty to command a chief executive who has not sought to emulate the virtues of Washington, deprive the citizens of this State of the privilege of joining publicly in paying reverence to that day so sacred to every American patriot, we cannot at least, by our obedience to the constituted authority, however arbitrarily exercised, show that we are not unworthy to be the countrymen of Washington. It is my duty to command a chief executive who has not sought to emulate the virtues of Washington, deprive the citizens of this State of the privilege of joining publicly in paying reverence to that day so sacred to every American patriot, we cannot at least, by our obedience to the constituted authority, however arbitrarily exercised, show that we are not unworthy to be the countrymen of Washington. 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THE BANNER.

Wm. J. Harper, Local Editor.

MOUNT VERNON, MARCH 2, 1877.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

The BANNER for sale at Taft & Co's. The BANNER is also for sale at Chase & Cassill's.

March came in as gently as a skipping lambkin.

A good many people are troubled with bad colds just now.

Easter comes two weeks earlier this year than it did in 1876.

Dangerous counterfeit half dollars are reported to be in circulation.

Some of the farmers of College township are plowing, preparatory to planting corn.

Mansfield has a Dorcas Society which is employed in furnishing clothing for the needy poor.

The days are getting longer, but most people are as "short" as they were in December and January.

A bold but unsuccessful attempt was made a few nights ago to rob the First National Bank of Shelby.

Blessed is the neighbor who is so busy about his own affairs that he has no time to pry into yours.

Four drops of carbolio acid in a half a wine glass of water, is said to be an infallible remedy for diphtheria.

Knox County Grange will meet in Banning Hall, Mt. Vernon, Ohio, Wednesday, March 14th, 1877, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Skates have been hung away to dry, and next comes marbles and kites to be followed by the great intellectual game of base ball.

Married, by pastor A. J. Wiant, Mr. George M. Shaffer, of Mt. Liberty, and Miss Ella Loyal, of Centreburg, February 22d, 1877.

There is a vast amount of garbage around the streets and alleys which should be raked up and carted away before warm weather sets in.

Hens are now behaving well, and are producing eggs with astonishing rapidity; and as a result grocers can afford to retail at 16 cents per dozen.

Marion, too, has been trotting out her heavy weights. The Mirror gives the names of 66 persons in that town who weigh each from 190 to 290 lbs.

The members of the Congregational Church, North of Gambier, decided by vote, last Thursday, to move it from its present location into the village.

Nine candidates for Mayor and six for Marshal are announced in Zanesville, and still this is not a very good year for candidates in that somber village.

A writer in the "Country Gentleman" prescribes scraps of meat, boiled potatoes, etc., from the kitchen and especially parched corn as an eggcellent diet for hens.

C. P. L. Butler is strongly urged by many citizens of Columbus to become an independent candidate for Mayor of that city, and he responds: "Barkis is willin'."

The 22d of February celebration by the Patriotic Sons of America, in this city, prevented many folks from going to Gambier to witness the annual College celebration.

Dr. Storrs says that the greatest danger to religion in this country is from the mechanical philosophy of the day, which is producing a community without a conscience.

The miners at Straitsville have accepted the reduced scale of prices, forty cents per ton, and gone to work. Miners can average \$1.75 to \$2 per day under the new rates.

We have received word that J. R. Jackson, of Putnamville, Indiana, has left for parts unknown. We shall retain a distinct recollection of Mr. Jackson to the amount of \$7.50.

Mr. George W. Hull, one of the wealthiest farmers in Morrow county, has sold all his valuable property, and will soon move to Bucyrus, where he will engage in the banking business.

The Base Ball season of 1877 promises to be more interesting and exciting than any previous one. All the crack clubs of the large cities are preparing for an extensive campaign.

In many of the counties around us, especially where there is a multiplicity of candidates for office, the Democrats have called Conventions to make their nominations for the October election.

It looks very much as though Magers will be bull-dozed by his party at the coming primary meetings. It is a pity to sacrifice so "faithful" an officer; and then, how can he live without being in office?

Mrs. Margaret Dudgeon, widow of the late Charles Dudgeon, died at her residence in Clay township, on Sunday last, of a tumor on the liver. The funeral took on Monday, and was largely attended.

Our County Treasurer, Lewis Britton Esq., on Friday last, made his semi-annual settlement with the Treasurer of State. He took with him to Columbus \$24,978.33. School fund paid in, \$8,619.99; drawn out, \$6,227.25.

Should they fail to secure the proposed new Penitentiary, the enterprising citizens of Steubenville will make a vigorous effort to establish a brewery in that town, which will equally contribute to their happiness.

Charley Allen, late editor of the Steubenville Citizen, is now down in Washington, assisting John G. Thompson to run the Sergeant-Arms department of Congress. The pay is good and the labor is light.

The stair-way to the Main street entrance of Kirk Hall has been changed so as to lessen the number of steps to climb to reach the main hall, which will be a great convenience to occupants on the second floor and to amusement goers.

Dr. E. M. Pinney, of Kenton, went on a spree with some friends to Forest, the other day, and there got into a row with a man named Morris. The result was that Pinney fell on the track of the P. F. W. & C. R. R., was run over by a freight train and killed.

The Pleasant Hill Amateurs gave an entertainment at the School House on the Gambier road, East of Mt. Vernon, Friday evening, Feb. 23, when they produced Ten Nights in a Bar Room in a very acceptable manner. The play will be repeated by request on Tuesday evening, March 6th. Hill's orchestra will furnish music on the occasion.

The young ladies members of R. C. Hunt's class, of the M. E. Sunday School, will give a "Promenade Sociable" at Banning Hall, Wednesday evening, March 7th, 1877, for the benefit of their class room. Among the attractive features of the evening's entertainment will be music, tableaux, refreshments, and a draw for partners for the "grand promenade." All are invited. Admission 10 cents.

Now Marysville comes to the front and places her heavy weights on record. The Journal gives the names of thirty men in that town, whose average weight is 241, or who aggregate 7,233 lbs. The heaviest man of the lot, Col. Noah Orr, turns the beam at 556½ lbs.

The superintendent of the Newburgh asylum says in his annual report: "We have room in the hospital at the present time for only forty more patients. This margin could be exhausted in a week's time if we were to encourage the policy of admitting chronic cases."

Farmers look out! There are fellows now traveling through the country, pretending to sell reapers and mowers at one-third less than the usual price. They don't want cash—only your note. The note is sold to some money lender, and that is the last heard of the man or the reaper.

We direct the attention of those who wish to purchase real estate in Mt. Vernon to the advertisement of the Administrators of the estate of the late Rollin C. Hurd, who offer for sale some very desirable property on the 27th of March, known as "Trimble's Grove." No more beautiful spot for a residence can be found near our city.

Joshua P. Tracey was arrested last Monday, on a charge of embezzling the sum of \$2,933.34, which came into his hands while acting as agent for the Farmers' Insurance Company, of Howard.

He was brought before Justice Ewing for examination, and on his own application the hearing was continued until the 20th of March. Upon giving a sufficient bond he was allowed his liberty until that date.

Mr. C. A. Updegraff, of Newark, was in the city on Monday, and received a cordial greeting from his friends.

Mr. E. A. Craft, of this city, was among the number who graduated from the Columbus Medical College on Wednesday.

Mr. Thomas McKibben, son of the late Matthew McKibben, of pleasant township, died recently, at his residence near Albion, Iowa.

W. C. Gaston, Esq., once a citizen of Mt. Vernon, and now residing at Steubenville, is making temperance speeches in Eastern Ohio.

"Ex-Mayor" S. A. Sprague has just caused to be placed before his place of business, on Gambier street, a very attractive boot and shoe sign.

Harris H. French, of Gambier, was married Feb. 12th, at Memphis, Tenn., to Sarah A., daughter of the late Rev. A. F. Dobbs, of New Orleans.

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WASHINGTON'S BIRTH-DAY.

Celebration at Mt. Vernon.

Washington's Birth-Day was celebrated in Mt. Vernon in a very appropriate manner by the Patriotic Order Sons of America, quite a large number of members of the order from abroad being in attendance.

Main street was gaily decorated with flags and bunting, that hung from windows and floated across the street. A number of private residences throughout the city were also appropriately decorated with the National colors.

The early morn was heralded forth by a National salute at sunrise. At 6 A. M., the artillery again spoke in thunder tones, reminding our citizens that America's sons still held in grateful remembrance the Father of his Country, and had met to do honor to his memory.

Reception committees headed by our excellent Silver Cord Band, met visiting Camps at the different depots and escorted them to headquarters. At 12 M., forty rounds were again fired by the artillery, and 1 P. M. the long roll sounded from Banning's Hall, as a signal for grand parade.

At promptly 2 P. M., Chief Marshal W. A. Crouch gave the command to "forward." Then marched forth, headed by the Cornet Band playing its most inspiring music, a host of Americans, whose regalia being the emblem of our country, the red, white and blue, made one of the finest and most impressive parades ever witnessed in our city.

The State officers present were, District President, R. L. Mills; State Vice President, John Altaffer; State Master of Forms, Wm. L. Spivey; State Treasurer, A. I. Henninger; State Marshal, L. G. Hunt; State Chaplain, W. A. Crouch.

Immediately after grand parade, the members marched into Kirk Hall. It being the most spacious one in the city, was soon crowded to its utmost capacity by our citizens, who were anxious to witness the entire programme.

The assemblage was called to order by Dist. Pres. L. G. Hunt. The exercises were opened with prayer by the Rev. J. A. Thripp.

The members of the order, assisted by the audience generally, then sang "My Country 'Tis of Thee," after which the Declaration of Independence was read by D. W. Wood. Then short speeches were made by L. G. Hunt and D. W. Wood, setting forth the objects of the order, explaining that its object was not to enslave, but to promote, free and universal education throughout our land. Speeches were also made by Rev. Thripp, Hon. R. C. Kirk, Dobbs, of New Orleans.

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The Cloth-Lottery Scandal—A \$100 Victim in Mt. Vernon.

Two well-dressed men, who registered at the Rowley House as A. L. Ferguson and R. S. Parker, of Toledo, engaged the store room of the Misses Rogers, recently occupied by Mr. Singer, on the Public Square, on the pretense of disposing of clothing by samples, which were arranged upon the counter. The outfit of samples was a mere ruse to cover up the confidence game which they practice upon the unwary.

On Wednesday afternoon, they found a victim in Mr. John Leonard, of Morris township, and the manner in which they fleeced him was this: A "capper" for the concern approached Mr. Leonard on the street, and invited him to visit the store-room to look at the samples of cloth, which were numbered on the bottom. A box containing envelopes was produced, and Mr. L. was asked to make a draw, and the agreement was that if the envelope contained a number, the sample of cloth corresponding to the figure was to be given him. Of course if there were a blank—Mr. Leonard doubted if there were any numbers in the envelopes; whereupon the "capper" drew the number "10." It was replaced in the envelope, and with seeming carelessness stuck in the box at the bottom of the pile, where it could be easily distinguished. The victimizer then remarked that if any one should draw the number "10" again he should pay \$2 for \$1, \$10 for \$5, \$100 for \$50, and so on.

Mr. Leonard was sure that it still there the "capper" lifts the envelope part way out and exposes a portion of the number, which has been already changed, and now contains number 19, the round portion of the figure 9 making it resemble a 10. It is replaced and again the "liberal" offer is made. Mr. Leonard took the bait, and layed down \$100, which was promptly covered up, and while he was examining the contents, (a card marked number 19) the sharper grabbed the money, and hurriedly left the room. Mr. Leonard realizing that he had been taken in, went in search of the police officers. He found Sheriff Gay and related his griefs, when that officer and a number of others started in different directions from the city in search of the light-fingered thief. One of the parties was arrested in Fredericktown, Wednesday evening, but no money was found in his possession.

Two Mt. Vernon Boys in Texas.

Mr. Oscar White, son of Mr. John W. White, of this city, was one of the representatives to the Texas Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F., just held at Galveston. Mr. White was chairman of the Committee on Credentials, and was also appointed Deputy Grand Master for District No. 51. He is now located at Manor, Travis county, Texas, as station agent for the H. & T. C. Railroad.

Our Mr. White has another son in Texas—Douglas—who is stationed at Corsicana, where he holds the position of Train Dispatcher and Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. Albert Hart, Jr., during a recent visit to Texas, spent a Sunday in Corsicana, and says Douglas White is regarded as the best and most careful Train Dispatcher in the State, and has the entire confidence and respect of all the Railroad officials as well as of the citizens of Corsicana. Before calling upon him, Mr. Hart being an entire stranger to all in the parlor of the hotel, heard the merits of Douglas freely discussed by those present, and highly pleased by the many compliments paid to one of our Knox county boys. Mr. Hart says he made him "feel good all over."

Marriage Licenses.

Licenses to marry the following persons were issued by the Probate Court during the month of February:

Alvin Kasson and Lucina Weaver. John M. Critchfield and Belle Critchfield. John Miller and Ida M. Shrimple. E. C. James and Ida P. Miller.

Wm. F. Beum and Lilo J. Tuttle. James A. Knapp and Rosetta Tavenner. A. J. Dudgeon and Emma Lybarger.

John A. Smith and Mary Murphy. Wm. J. Dick and Lucinda Logsdon. Luther Sensi and Anna Blair.

Henry Humbert and Sarah Brillhart. Alonzo R. Hubbell and Sallie B. Cooper. Wm. H. Jenkins and Ella Myers.

Chas. C. Shaler and Libbie King. J. W. Pritchard and Maria Merrin.

M. C. Riley and Flora Chrisman. Allen M. Weider and Annie Upfold.

George M. Shaffer and Ella Dyal. Wm. F. Preston and Catherine Elliott.

Emer Harris and Laura Mitchell. John Williams and Lillian Weatherly.

Winfield Fowler and Lucinda Hill. Loudon Silcott and Sarah Weaver.

James H. Cooksey and Margaret Honey. Chas. M. Bascom and Deborah K. Fobes.

Total for month—25.

Mt. Vernon Lecture and Dramatic Association.

On last Thursday evening, a number of ladies and gentlemen met at the Auditor's office to organize a Lecture and Dramatic Association. The following officers were chosen:

President—Col. Alex. Cassil. Vice President—Mrs. G. W. Stahl. Secretary—John W. White.

Treasurer—W. F. Baldwin. The Society contemplates renting Kirk Hall by the year, and their object will be to furnish first-class amusements and lectures for our citizens. At the same time the Society will have in preparation different dramatic pieces, that they will produce as often as the demand for amateur performances may appear obvious. This is certainly a praiseworthy enterprise and one that will commend itself to the public generally.

A Fine Letter From an Appreciative Friend.

GALION, O., Feb. 27, 1877.

Dear Sir:—I enclose five dollars for which please continue the BANNER to my place. I beg that you will accept my congratulations upon your truly able conduct of your paper. The native of old Knox cannot point to any its institutions with greater pride than to the BANNER; to the exile it is a constantly recurring source of joy and pleasure, and to the residents of Knox it must be a pleasure and a necessity. Especially do I admire your courage and honesty in condemning and correcting wrongs and abuses that grow up in our party. Just so long as the BANNER serves its present management no kindly to Gen. Morgan, and accept my warmest wishes for your continued well being and prosperity.

I am, sir, your very sincere friend, J. W. COITTEW.

To Hon. L. HARPER.

The heroic carols of Robin Red breast were heard in the trees this morning.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Notwithstanding the counting in of Hayes the people of Holmes county contemplate having a Fair next Fall.

Dr. Wm. Bushnell, one of the oldest citizens of Mansfield, designs making the tour of Europe the coming summer.

Dogs are troubling the sheep in Berlin township, Delaware county. E. P. Saunders' flock has recently suffered through two attacks.

Judge Reed, of Millersburg, has resumed his practice at the bar. With his experience on the bench he ought to make a better lawyer than ever.

Mr. Benjamin Gass, one of the old pioneers of Mansfield, died on Saturday week, aged 83 years. He was Auditor of Richmond county at an early day.

Sidney Moore, Esq., cashier of the Delaware County Bank is seriously ill. He is suffering from the effects of a severe cold, which resulted in crisyseps fever.

The St. Peter's Episcopal Church, at Delaware, is about to have a new organ. The sum necessary for the purchase has been raised from the members by subscription.

Judge Moses R. Dickey will preside at the Richmond Common Pleas, which will convene on Monday, March 26th. He will commence with 288 cases on the docket.

Mat McCure, Revenue Store-keeper at Canton, Ohio, was assaulted in the office of a hotel there Monday night by a dentist named Liddell, and died about five minutes subsequently of heart disease.

Newark American: From conversations with well-informed farmers from different parts of the county we learn that the wheat crop was never more promising at this season of the year than at the present time.

Samuel Crowley, a former citizen of Coshocton county, while in an intoxicated condition, killed a saloon keeper, in Crawford county, Illinois, a few days ago, after which he fled the country and not since been heard of.

The Union School house at New Philadelphia, was totally destroyed by fire on Wednesday morning. Loss, \$20,000; insured for \$15,000, in the following companies: Columbian, \$5,000; Knox \$5,000; Home, of New York, \$2,000; Richmond, \$3,000.

The barn of Mr. Geo. Goiner, of Milton township, Ashland county, was totally destroyed by fire on Wednesday of last week. The loss was \$2,000, on which there is an insurance of \$1,400. A quantity of wheat, oats, hay and farming utensils were consumed.

The Mansfield Dramatic Club has been organized, and will give an entertainment about one week, assisted by the Mitchell family, of Chicago, on which occasion the "Two Orphans" will be produced, with new and beautiful scenery painted from prints of old Paris.

Zanesville Signal: Twenty-one men were discharged Friday morning last, at the B. & O. Railroad shops in the 8th Ward. Several of them were young men, who had just finished their apprenticeship. We understand that a still larger number were discharged at Newark.

Newark American: Harvey Gates, Vice-President of the Agricultural Society, left last Saturday over the B. & O. railroad, via Chicago, on a trip to San Francisco. Mr. Gates expects to be absent till the summer months. We wish him a pleasant visit and safe return.

Railroad Election.

The stockholders of the Cleveland, Mt. Vernon and Columbus Railroad met at the Company's office in Mt. Vernon, on Wednesday, when an election of directors and officers for the ensuing year, took place, as follows:

DIRECTORS: Thos. D. Alesser, Pittsburgh; Geo. B. Roberts, Philadelphia; Wm. Thaw, Pittsburgh; D. W. Caldwell, Columbus; Chas. Cooper, Mt. Vernon; Samuel Israel, Mt. Vernon; Wm. M. Orr, Orrville; M. White, Gambier; Wm. Harpster, Millersburg.

The Board of Directors met subsequently and elected the following officers: President—Thos. D. Alesser. Secretary—J. S. Davis.

Treasurer—J. D. Thompson. General Sup't—G. A. Jones. Auditor—E. Mice. General Freight and Ticket Agent—J. A. Tilton.

—There was a very pleasant reunion of the Ingram family at the house of Mr. A. B. Ingram, front street, on Friday last, February 23d—four generations being present, numbering twenty-three persons.

Keep Cool, Gentlemen! Keep Cool!

By an excitable advertisement in last week's BANNER of THOS SHAW & CO., a nervous shoe firm of this place, we regret to see that our new Boot and Shoe Establishment, now in full blast in Curtis's new block, Main street, is effectually stirring up the gall of our competitors, and causing them to "squall," rather loudly.

At first brush we had thought of recommending to this nervous firm, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, highly spoken of to quiet excited nerves; but on second thought have concluded to leave the case with the regular

Fact and Humor.

A bit of nonsense—One that will not check a horse.

A shirt dealer advertises a bosom warranted to wear longer than a shirt!

We often find that an eloquent speaker is like a river—great at the mouth.

Men usually follow their wishes till suffering compels them to follow their judgment.

The Rome Statute remarks that altho' "man wants but little below" he don't get that.

The N. Y. Com. Adv. urges that an auctioneer takes a morbid interest, as it were, in what he sells.

An Iowa paper speaks of a man having been lynched "for burning the barn and contents of his in-in-law."

Talmage says "the tendency of clubs is to demolish society." There are a very discouraging thing to hold, if a red tramp is turned.

Wackeen Miller has written a poem, "Love me, love, but breathe it low," which means, we suppose, "Love me, love, but draw it mild."

"I am having myself taken in, said a well-known physician, in a completely looking around. 'Cod-liver I suppose,' growled an experienced patient.

She was telling a female friend how Mary Jane quarreled with her 'feller' and said she, "Why, if you heard 'em talk you'd think they were married."

When a young man encircles his partner's waist for a dance, he will do wisely to keep his fingers still. Nothing aggravates a young lady more than to imagine you are trying to count the whalbeons in her dress.

"Will you give us a penny-worth of what you don't sell?" asked a young ragamuffin, on entering a clothing shop.

"Oh, willingly," retorted the shop-keeper, laying a stick roughly about the shoulders of the boy; "we always give it gratis."

Knox County Farmer.

The Past of Sheep Husbandry With Its Lessons.

During the last thirty years there have been a half dozen ebbs in the prices of sheep and wool, and yet those breeders who "held on" eventually came out all right. What we need most is good breeding rams, and we annex what an old sheep raiser says:

The best breed and best formed Merino rams may now be had for \$50 to \$100, and the long wools or Down rams as cheap, and when we reflect that we have fifty to one hundred lambs from a single sire, what a waste of money it is to use an inferior, flat-sided ram. A good sire can be had for \$10 to \$15. The defects of a bad sire, used for a single season, will be visible in a flock for many generations, so that the injury done cannot be estimated, and the services of such an animal will never be accepted by an intelligent breeder, if tendered as a gratuity.

The selection of the breeding ram, where mutton is produced, must be from the long wools, or the Down, if we make choice from the former, we must be careful to have an animal of stout and robust constitution. These sheep have been so generally forced with artificial food, that many of them lack the hardiness required by the farmer's purposes. What we must have is a straight, round barrel on short legs, with short, stout neck and vigorous muscular appearance about the head and body should be well covered with a long lustrous staple of uniform quality.

In selection of the Southdown breed, we should have the same general form as described, but we ought to have a more compact and snug carcass, with a good deal more weight for bulk, than that found in the long wool breed.—Farmer's Friend.

Working Land on Shares.

Working land on shares seems to be a poor business for both parties, for it is the interest of the tenant to spend as little for extra labor as possible, because the owner of the land gets half the benefit, without bearing any of the expense. When the country was new and the land rich, a man could, perhaps, afford to give half the products, as he could get fair crops with little labor; but now that the land is more or less run down and it is necessary to build it up with manure and good culture, it is impossible for a man to expend the necessary labor and give half the product for rent. It may be done for a year or two on land in a high condition; but the farm must eventually deteriorate under the system. A man might afford to rent a grass farm, but not an arable farm. It is difficult to take one of our ordinary run-down farms and raise enough from it the first few years, to pay the cost of labor and support the teams. It would be cheaper, so far as immediate profit is concerned, to pay one hundred dollars an acre for a farm in good condition, with good buildings, than to accept as a gift one of these run-down farms. It is time this matter was understood, so that these wretched mortals who are always expecting to sell, and consequently make no effort to improve the land, should be compelled to turn over a new leaf or else sell their farms at a low figure.—Ohio Farmer.

Spraying Sows.

An experienced farmer gives his method of spraying sows as follows: "I have sprayed hogs for thirty years, both in the side and belly, and am satisfied the latter is the better mode. So satisfied am I of the fact, that for the past fifteen years I have sprayed my sows altogether in the belly. The mode I adopt is to swing the sow up by the hind legs, the mistress then drops down forward, leaving a clear way to get at the ovaries. I then make an incision in the belly, about two and a half inches in length, between the last and tenth ribs, reaching the ovaries readily, and cut them off. In sewing up the incision, it takes more care than in sewing up the side; for if the inner muscular coat is not taken up and sewed with the outer, it may form a pouch, in which the intestines will lodge. I never had but one or two accidents of the kind happen. The suppurations from wound escapes from the side, from the incision on the belly than from the side. The best age for spraying pigs is when they are six months old, but it can be done at any age, though with more convenience to the animal. After the operation has been performed, it is best to turn out the hogs where they can get to water freely and wallow in the mire."

Kindness to Animals.

Van Amburgh could handle his lions and tigers with impunity. No animal will fail to respond to kindness and uniform good treatment. And especially will the noble horse respect and confide in and faithfully serve a master who deals gently and kindly with him. We have ourselves taken a spirited Morgan mare which had been roughly handled and become entirely unmanageable through harsh treatment, and by appealing to her intelligence and respecting her needs, in three weeks' time made her entirely safe and reliable for wife and children, and all who would treat her kindly and handle her gently, and we have, after five years, seen the same mare resume her old vicious habits when again under the control of one who resorted to arbitrary or brutal treatment. Always appeal to the better instincts of the horse, the mule, the ox, the cow, as well as the dog and other domestic animals, and they will never become vicious or unmanageable.

Peter Cooper became so well under the Presidential auspices.

Mr. Moody bears a remarkable resemblance to President Grant.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis R.R. PAN-HANDLE ROUTE.

ON AND AFTER NOV. 24, 1876, TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

BASS ROAD TRAINS.

STATIONS	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	Accom.
Columbus	12:00 PM	10:00 AM	11:00 AM	.....
Newark	1:50	7:40	2:02	.....
Dresden	2:37	5:33	2:50	.....
Cochran	3:08	5:05	3:15	.....
Denison	4:15	10:30	4:25	.....
Cadiz June	5:08	.....	.....	.....
St. Louis	5:55	.....	.....	.....
Pittsburg	7:45	.....	.....	.....
Altoona	12:25 AM	.....	.....	.....
Harrisburg	3:55	.....	.....	.....
Baltimore	7:45	.....	.....	.....
Washington	9:12	.....	.....	.....
Philad'a	7:35	.....	.....	.....
New York	10:25	.....	.....	.....
Pittsburg	8:40 PM	.....	.....	.....

Pullman Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars

ATTACHED TO ALL THROUGH TRAINS.

WEST BOUND TRAINS.

STATIONS	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 7.	No. 8.	Accom.
Columbus	10:40 PM	6:06 AM	8:30 PM	10:15 AM	.....	.....
Springfield	10:00	.....	8:15	.....	.....	.....
Clinton	.....	.....	7:30	.....	.....	.....
Cincinnati	.....	.....	8:30	.....	.....	.....
Louisville	.....	.....	12:55 AM	7:45	.....	.....
Plasma	7:05	.....	6:45 PM	.....	.....	.....
Richmond	.....	.....	8:37	.....	.....	.....
Indianapolis	.....	.....	10:25	.....	.....	.....
Chicago	.....	.....	12:40 PM	11:35	.....	.....
Chicago	.....	.....	7:00 AM	7:40	.....	.....

Daily. Daily except Sunday.

Trains do not stop where time is omitted.

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS

through without change, from Columbus to Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and New York. But one change to Baltimore, Washington, Boston, and New England.

SLEEPING CARS through from Columbus to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, St. Louis, and Chicago without change, making close connections at these points for the South, West and North-West.

W. L. O'BRIEN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager, GENERAL OFFICES, COLUMBUS, OHIO, January 5, 1877.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

TIME CARD—IN EFFECT, JANUARY 14, 1877.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	ACOM
Leave Chicago	8:50 AM	8:50 AM	.....
" " "	3:20 PM	3:20 PM	.....
" " "	5:14	5:14	.....
" " "	5:45	5:45	.....
" " "	6:47	6:47	.....
" " "	7:15	7:15	.....
" " "	7:45	7:45	.....
" " "	8:30	8:30	.....
" " "	8:50	8:50	.....
" " "	9:13	9:13	.....
" " "	9:49	9:49	.....
" " "	11:40	11:40	.....
" " "	12:13 PM	12:13 PM	.....
" " "	1:00	1:00	.....
" " "	2:30	2:30	.....
" " "	3:25	3:25	.....
" " "	4:05	4:05	.....
" " "	5:10 PM	5:10 PM	.....
" " "	10:30	10:30	.....
" " "	12:10 AM	12:10 AM	.....
" " "	6:25	6:25	.....

WESTWARD.

STATIONS	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	ACOM
Leave New York	8:55 AM	8:55 AM	.....
" " "	12:15 PM	11:30	.....
" " "	3:20	3:20	.....
" " "	7:15	7:15	.....
" " "	8:15 AM	10:45 PM	.....
" " "	9:10	9:10	.....
" " "	12:40	11:10	.....
" " "	2:00	4:25	.....
" " "	4:00	5:32	.....
" " "	6:30	7:45	.....
" " "	7:30	8:30	.....
" " "	8:30	9:30	.....
" " "	9:49	10:40	.....
" " "	11:40	12:13 PM	.....
" " "	1:00	1:00	.....
" " "	2:30	3:45	.....
" " "	3:25	3:25	.....
" " "	4:05	8:10	.....
" " "	5:10 PM	10:55 AM	.....
" " "	10:30	11:20	.....
" " "	12:10 AM	8:00 PM	.....
" " "	6:25	10:05	.....

T. P. Barry, L. M. Cole, W. C. Quincy.

West. Pa. Ry. Ticket Agent, Gen'l Manager, CINCINNATI, BALTIMORE, NEWARK

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.

CONDENSED TIME CARD.

Dec. 10, 1876.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS	EXP.	EXP.	EXP.	EXP.
Pittsburgh	11:00 AM	6:00 AM	9:00 AM	2:00 PM
Rochester	12:00 AM	7:45	10:15	5:14
Alliance	3:05	11:00	12:50 PM	5:55
Orrville	4:45	1:10	2:32	7:40
Mansfield	6:50	3:11	4:40	9:55
Crestline	10:30	3:50	5:15	10:30
Crestline	4:17 PM	.....	5:00 PM	10:35 PM
Forest	9:25	.....	9:25	.....
Elma	10:45	.....	9:25	.....
Fl. Wayne	1:30 PM	.....	12:10 AM	.....
Plymouth	3:40	.....	3:40	.....
Chicago	7:20	.....	7:20	.....

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS	EXP.	EXP.	EXP.	EXP.
Chicago	10:40 PM	8:00 AM	5:55 PM	.....
Plymouth	2:40 AM	11:55 PM	9:00	.....
Fl. Wayne	6:55	2:10	11:45	.....
Elma	8:05	4:05	9:25	.....
Forest	10:10	5:20	2:50	.....
Crestline	12:45	6:55	4:20	.....
Crestline	12:05	7:15	4:50	.....
Mansfield	12:35 PM	7:44	5:00	.....
Orrville	2:35	8:55	6:50	.....
Alliance	4:10	11:15	8:55	.....
Rochester	6:25	12:00 AM	11:06	.....
Pittsburgh	7:30	1:30	12:15 PM	.....

GOING EAST.

STATIONS	EXPRESS	ACCOM.	L. FRET.	F. FRET.
Cincinnati	7:15 AM	1:20 PM	.....	.....
Columbus	11:42	4:25	.....	.....
Centerville	12:50 PM	6:15	.....	.....
Liberty	1:08	7:51	.....	.....
McVey	2:18	8:55	.....	.....
Liberty	1:47	7:10	.....	.....
Howard	2:01	7:22	.....	.....
Danville	2:19	7:35	.....	.....
Jann	2:25	7:40	.....	.....
Millersburg	3:22	8:41	.....	.....
Millersburg	4:17	9:36	.....	.....
Akron	4:50	10:10	.....	.....
Hudson	6:35	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland	7:33	.....	.....	.....

GOING WEST.

STATIONS	EXPRESS	ACCOM.	L. FRET.	F. FRET.
Cleveland	8:20 AM	.....	.....	.....
Hudson	9:10	.....	.....	.....
Akron	10:42	.....	.....	.....
Millersburg	12:17	.....	.....	.....
Gann	1:55 PM	.....	.....	.....
Danville	2:17	.....	.....	.....
Howard	1:57	.....	.....	.....
Gambier	1:47	.....	.....	.....
Liberty	2:21	.....	.....	.....
Centerville	2:33	.....	.....	.....
Cincinnati	3:45	.....	.....	.....

G. A. JONES, Sup't.

NEW GROCERY

—AND—

PROVISION STORE

ARTHUR E. PHILO

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Mt. Vernon and vicinity that he has opened a

New Grocery and Provision Store.

In GEORGE'S BLOCK, Main street, opposite Baker's Drug Store, where will be found large, fresh and well selected stock of FAMILY GROCERIES. Cash paid for Country Produce. Fresh Cuts and Oat Tubs received daily.

ARTHUR E. PHILO, Mt. Vernon, Oct. 6, 1876.

1876. 1876.

THE CENTENNIAL.

J. W. F. SINGER

MERCHANT TAILOR

AND DEALER IN

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Has the Largest and Best Stock of Goods for Gentlemen's Wear in Central Ohio.

All garments made in the best style of workmanship and warranted to fit always.

One Price and Square Dealing.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

N. N. Hill's Building, cor. Main and Gambier streets, Mt. Vernon, O.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

A NEW FIRM IN OLD QUARTERS.

C. A. BOPE,

Successor to A. Weaver,

DEALER IN

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

BAR IRON, HORSE SHOES,

HORSE NAILS,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE

WOOD WORK

CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

And everything pertaining to a first class

HARDWARE STORE.

A cordial invitation is extended to the public. No trouble to show Goods and give low prices.

Frederick Wolf, Knox Common Pleas.

Sarah Burk, BY virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Knox County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in Knox County, on

Monday, March 5, 1877,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day, the following described lands and tenements, to-wit: Situate in the second quarter of township six and range thirteen in the County of Knox and State of Ohio, to-wit: Being a part of two acres and the said granted John Welsh purchased of Thomas Evans and recorded on page 25, book 66, record of deeds of said county, and bounded and described as follows: On the West and North by lands owned by Thomas Evans, on the East by the north side of Adams road, and on the South by lands owned by John Welsh, containing two-fifths of an acre or more or less.

Appraised at \$733.33.

Terms of Sale—Cash.

JOHN E. GAY, Sheriff Knox County, Ohio.

Dunbar & Lennon, Att'y's for Plaintiff.

TAKS

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR,

For all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen.

WILL CURE.

DYSPEPSIA.

I MUST own that your Simmons' Liver Regulator fully deserves the popularity it has attained. As a family medicine it has no equal. It cured my wife of a malady I had counted incurable—that of indigestion of my American people, Dyspepsia.

JOHN E. ALBERT, Professor in Nicholas Park, Rome, N. Y.

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